

Machine Learning

exercise 1

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1 Hastie, Tibshirani & Friedman

Read chapter 1 of Hastie et al.'s "Elements of Statistical Learning" (<http://www-stat.stanford.edu/~tibs/ElemStatLearn/>). Consider the DNA microarray data of Figure 1.3. Let's assume that samples 1-32 are taken from cancer cells whereas samples 33-64 from non-cancer cells. How could one analyze which genes are "involved with cancer"? No formal answers needed, but creative ideas.

2 Matrix equations

a) Let X, A be arbitrary matrices, A invertible. Solve for X :

$$XA + A^T = \mathbf{I}$$

b) Let X, A, B be arbitrary matrices, $(C - 2A^T)$ invertible. Solve for X :

$$X^T C = [2A(X + B)]^T$$

c) Let $x \in \mathbb{R}^n, y \in \mathbb{R}^d, A \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$. A obviously *not* invertible, but let $A^T A$ be invertible. Solve for x :

$$(Ax - y)^T A = \mathbf{0}_n^T$$

d) As above, additionally $B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, B positive-definite. Solve for x :

$$(Ax - y)^T A + x^T B = \mathbf{0}_n^T$$

3 Vector derivatives

Let $x \in \mathbb{R}^n, y \in \mathbb{R}^d, A \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$.

a) What is $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} x$? (Of what type/dimension is this thing?)

b) What is $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [x^T x]$?

c) Let B be symmetric (and pos.def.). What is the minimum of $(Ax - y)^T (Ax - y) + x^T B x$ w.r.t. x ?

4 Code

Future exercises will need you to code some Machine Learning methods. I'll support C++, but you are free to choose your programming language, which needs to support linear algebra and matrix manipulations.

For those using C++, download and test <http://ipvs.informatik.uni-stuttgart.de/mlr/marc/source-code/libMLcourse.13.tgz> (see README). In particular, have a look at test/array/main.cpp with many examples on how to use the array class. Report on problems with installation.