

# Machine Learning

## Exercise 1

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### 1 Hastie, Tibshirani & Friedman

Read chapter 1 of Hastie et al.'s "Elements of Statistical Learning" (<http://www-stat.stanford.edu/~tibs/ElemStatLearn/>). Consider the DNA microarray data of Figure 1.3. Let's assume that samples 1-32 are taken from cancer cells whereas samples 33-64 from non-cancer cells. How could one analyze which genes are "involved with cancer"? No formal answers needed, but creative ideas.

### 2 Matrix equations

a) Let  $X, A$  be arbitrary matrices,  $A$  invertible. Solve for  $X$ :

$$XA + A^T = \mathbf{I}$$

b) Let  $X, A, B$  be arbitrary matrices,  $(C - 2A^T)$  invertible. Solve for  $X$ :

$$X^T C = [2A(X + B)]^T$$

c) Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n, y \in \mathbb{R}^d, A \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$ .  $A$  obviously *not* invertible, but let  $A^T A$  be invertible. Solve for  $x$ :

$$(Ax - y)^T A = \mathbf{0}_n^T$$

d) As above, additionally  $B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ ,  $B$  positive-definite. Solve for  $x$ :

$$(Ax - y)^T A + x^T B = \mathbf{0}_n^T$$

### 3 Vector derivatives

Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}^n, y \in \mathbb{R}^d, A \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$ .

a) What is  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} x$ ? (Of what type/dimension is this thing?)

b) What is  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x} [x^T x]$ ?

c) Let  $B$  be symmetric (and pos.def.). What is the minimum of  $(Ax - y)^T (Ax - y) + x^T B x$  w.r.t.  $x$ ?

### 4 Code

Future exercises will need you to code some Machine Learning methods. I'll support C++, but you are free to choose your programming language, which needs to support linear algebra and matrix manipulations.

For those using C++, download and test <http://ipvs.informatik.uni-stuttgart.de/mlr/marc/source-code/libMLcourse.13.tgz> (see README). In particular, have a look at test/array/main.cpp with many examples on how to use the array class. Report on problems with installation.